Collaboration and Communication in Risk Assessment Information

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Society for Risk Analysis - World Congress on Risk Guadalajara, Mexico, June 10, 2008

Many Chemicals, Limited Resources

- People are exposed to far more chemicals than current risk assessment efforts can address
- Many government agencies, companies and organizations evaluate chemical risks, but often are not aware of what others are doing
- Resources are wasted when the same work is done by multiple agencies or groups
- SOLUTION -- Increase communication and collaboration by sharing information widely

Tools for Collaboration and Communication



Alliance for Risk Assessment
(ARA) - A collaborative effort
among organizations for
solving public health risk
assessment issues



ITER - International Toxicity Estimates for Risk Database

<u>RiskIE</u> - Risk Information Exchange Database

ARA - Alliance for Risk Assessment www.allianceforrisk.org

- Collaborative effort of a group of organizations that work together on projects to improve the process, efficiency, and quality of risk assessment.
- Member Organizations include: *TERA*, National Library of Medicine, Concurrent Technologies Corporation *(CTC)* and Noblis, Inc.
- The ARA provides a unique venue for governmental, industrial, environmental, and non-profit organizations to collaborate to produce high quality risk assessment science.

Examples of ARA Projects

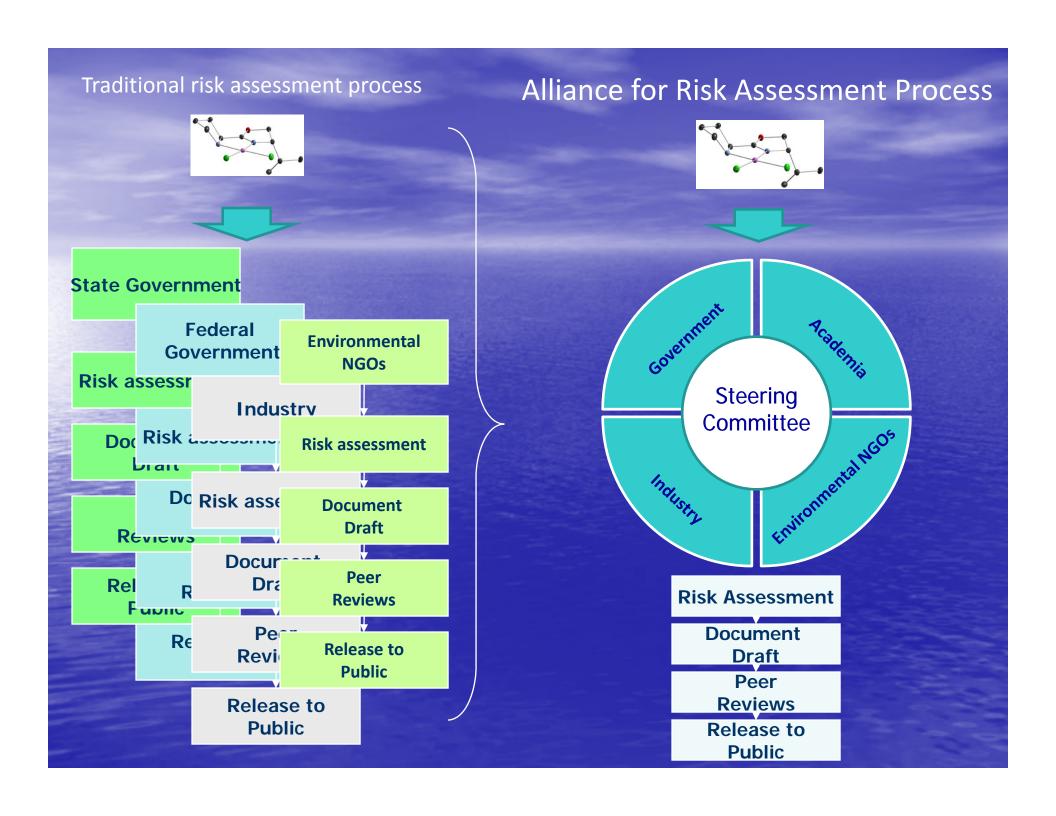
Risk Document Development: Relative Source Contribution for RDX for U.S. Army

Training: Dose-Response Boot Camp

Research: Dietary arsenic exposure from soil for State of Texas and Hawaii Department of Health

Tools: ITER & RiskIE Databases

Peer Review: Review of 1,3-Butadiene Document Screening Level for State of Texas



Global Risk Resources



ITER & RiskIE Databases

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ITER

International Toxicity Estimates for Risk

On National Library of Medicine's TOXNET

- Risk value data in a side-by-side table format
- A synopsis that explains the underlying basis and rationale for each risk value and differences in risk values
- A link to each organization's website or source document
- A forum through which independent parties can share their peer reviewed risk values
- A resource to ensure that risk assessors and managers do not "miss" useful data

TOXNET

Toxicology Data Network



▶ Env. Health & Toxicology ▶ TOXNET

SIS Home

About Us

Site Map & Search

CONTRACT OS

TOXNET - Databases on toxicology, hazardous chemicals, environmental health, and toxic releases.

Select Database ChemIDplus ? HSDB ? TOXLINE ? CCRIS ? ? DART GENETOX ? ? IRIS ? ITER LactMed ? Multi-Database ? TRI ? Haz-Map ? Household Products ? TOXMAP ?

Additional Resource

• CPDB

Env. Health & Toxicology



Portal to environmental health and toxicology resources.

Support Pages

- ▶ Help
- TOXNET FAQ
- ▶ TOXNET Update Status
- ▶ Fact Sheet
- Database Description
- Training Manuals
- News

Search All Databases							
arsenic	Search	Clear	Help				
(e.g. asthma air pollution, ibuprofen fever, vinyl chloride)							

References from Biomedical Literature						
TOXLINE	Toxicology Literature Online	21524				
DART	Developmental Toxicology Literature	623				

Chemical, To	oxicological, and Environmental Health Data	
ChemIDplus	Chemical Identification/Dictionary	1
HSDB	Hazardous Substances Data Bank	356
CCRIS	Chemical Carcinogenesis Information	5
CPDB	Carcinogenic Potency Database	0
GENETOX	Genetic Toxicology Data	4
IRIS	Integrated Risk Information	6
ITER	International Toxicity Estimates for Risk	13
LactMed	Drugs and Lactation Database	0
TRI	Toxics Release Inventory	422
TOXMAP	Environmental Health e-Maps	Map It
Haz-Map	Occupational Exposure/Toxicology	Show me
Household Products	Health & Safety Information on Household Products	Show me

ITER - Summary Table for Arsenic, Inorganic

ARSENIC, INORGANIC

CASRN: 7440-38-2

For other data, click on the Table of Contents

Substance Identification/Summary Table:

Risk Values - Summary Table:

Summary Risk Table for: ARSENIC, INORGANIC									
Risk Value Type \ Organization	ATSDR ⁱ	Health Canada ⁱ	<u>IARCⁱ</u>	<u>IPRV</u> į	<u>ITER PRⁱ</u>	NSF Intl ⁱ	<u>RIVM</u> ^{<u>i</u>}	<u>U.S.EPAⁱ</u>	
Noncancer Oral	V	√			V		V	V	
Cancer Oral	V	V	V					V	
Noncancer Inhalation	V	V			V		V		
Cancer Inhalation	V	√	V				V	V	
= Chemical evaluated and ITER data online. Toxicology Excellence for Risk Assessment									

Arsenic, Inorganic – Noncancer Oral

Risk Data - Noncancer Oral:

ITER Noncancer Oral Risk Table for: ARSENIC, INORGANIC								
Risk Value Parameter\ Organization	ATSDR ⁱ	<u>Health</u> <u>Canadaⁱ</u>	<u>IARC</u> ⁱ	<u>IPRV</u> <u>i</u>	ITER PR ⁱ	NSF Intl ⁱ	<u>RIVM</u> ⁱ	<u>U.S.EPAⁱ</u>
Risk Value Name	chronic MRL	NA			NA		TDI	RfD
Risk Value*	3E-4	NA			see bolow		1E-3	3E-4
Year	2007	1992			1999		2000	1993
Basis (Experimental)*	NOAEL 0.0008	NA			NA		NOAEL 0.0021	NOAEL 0.0008
Basis (Adjusted)*	NA	NA			NA		NA	NA
Uncertainty Factor	3	NA			NA		2	3
Critical Organ or Effect	skin	NA			NA		skin	skin
Species	human	NA			NA		human	human
Study	Tseng et al., 1968; Tseng, 1977	NA			NA		Health Council of The Netherlands, 1993	Tseng, 1977; Tseng et al., 1968
View Specifics:	Click here	Click here			<u>Click</u> here		Click here	Click here
*In mg/kg body weight per day, unless otherwise specified. Toxicology Excellence for Risk Assessment								

Synopsis Describes Differences

Synopsis:

ATSDR, Health Canada, RIVM, and U.S. EPA have evaluated the noncancer oral toxicity data for inorganic arsenic. Health Canada did not derive a risk estimate for noncancer toxicity since carcinogenicity is considered the critical endpoint. Both EPA and ATSDR risk values are based on the same study and use the same choice of critical effect, NOAEL and uncertainty factor.

RIVM derived a tolerable daily intake (TDI) of 0.001 mg/kg-day for critical effects on the skin in humans. This value is based on a NOAEL of 0.0021 mg/kg-day that was derived by Vermeire et al. (1991) from the World Health Organization provisional maximum tolerable weekly intake (PTWI) of organic arsenic of 15 mg/kg bw/week for adults of 70 kg of body weight. This PTWI was derived from a LOAEL of chronic intake of 100 ug arsenic/L in drinking water by humans, assuming a daily intake of drinking water of 1.5 L/day. RIVM used uncertainty factor of 2 to compensate for observation errors in an epidemiological study. Thus, the TDI is derived as follows: (100 ug arsenic/L x 1.5 L/day) / (70 kg) / (2) = 1 ug/kg-day (0.001 mg/kg-day).

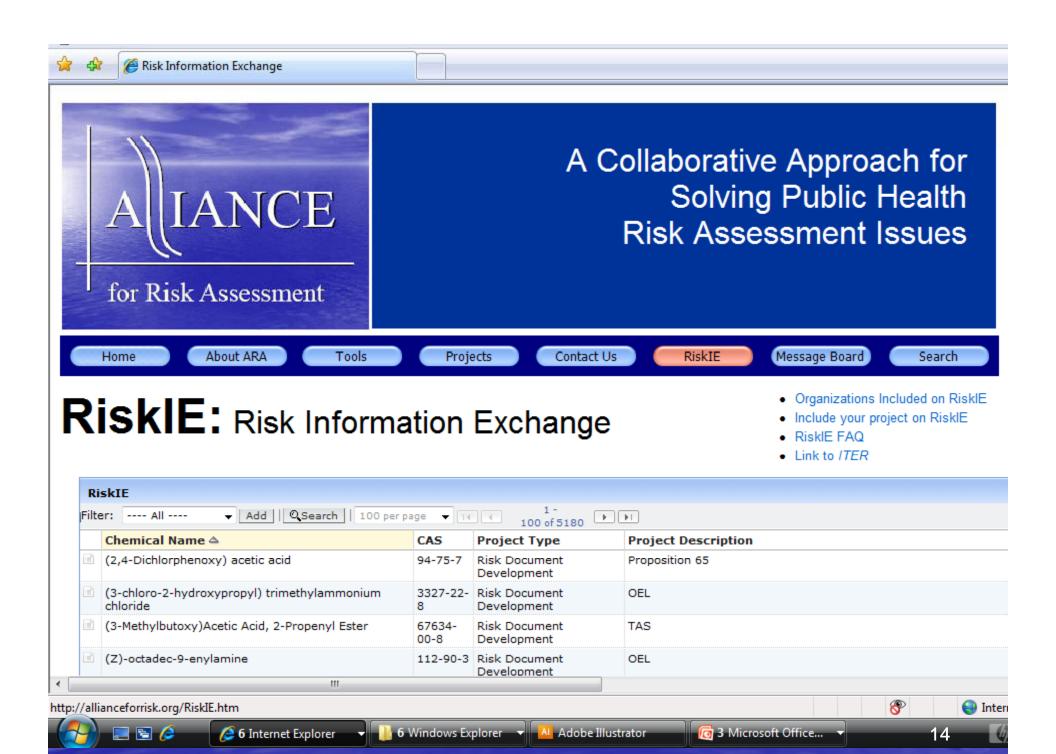
Elf Atochem North America, Inc. (under the ITER PR column) has evaluated the potential developmental effects of inorganic arsenic. An expert panel concluded that at the experimental oral and inhalation doses tested, which generated frank maternal toxicity and lethality, no prenatal structural effects were induced in laboratory animals. By the oral route (gavage and diet), developmental toxicity (post-implantation loss and/or decreased fetal weight) was seen only occasionally and at the highest dose level, which also induced maternal toxicity. An independent peer review panel, through the TERA ITER Peer Review program, has reviewed and reached consensus on the Elf Atochem work, thereby qualifying it for inclusion in this database.

Risk Information Exchange

www.allianceforrisk.org/risklE.htm



- A Database to Communicate In-Progress Risk & Toxicity Assessments
- Includes over 5100 projects being conducted by more than 20 organizations representing 8 countries
- Scheduled to join NLM's TOXNET in 2008



RiskIE Example Entry

Chemical: Arsenic

CAS: 7440-38-2

Project Type: Research

Status: In progress

Contact: Roger Brewer

Organization: Hawai'i Department of Health Hazard Evaluation and Emergency Response 919 Ala Moan Blvd, Room 206 Honolulu, HI roger.brewer@doh.hawaii.gov 1-808-586-4328

Project Description: Compilation of information related to arsenic toxicity in the range of dietary exposure (e.g., up to 100 ug/day). Is there a threshold for arsenic toxicity? Are the published toxicity factors realistic at the range of typical dietary exposure, especially for Pacific Islander and Asian diets high in rice, chicken and seafood?

Case Study:



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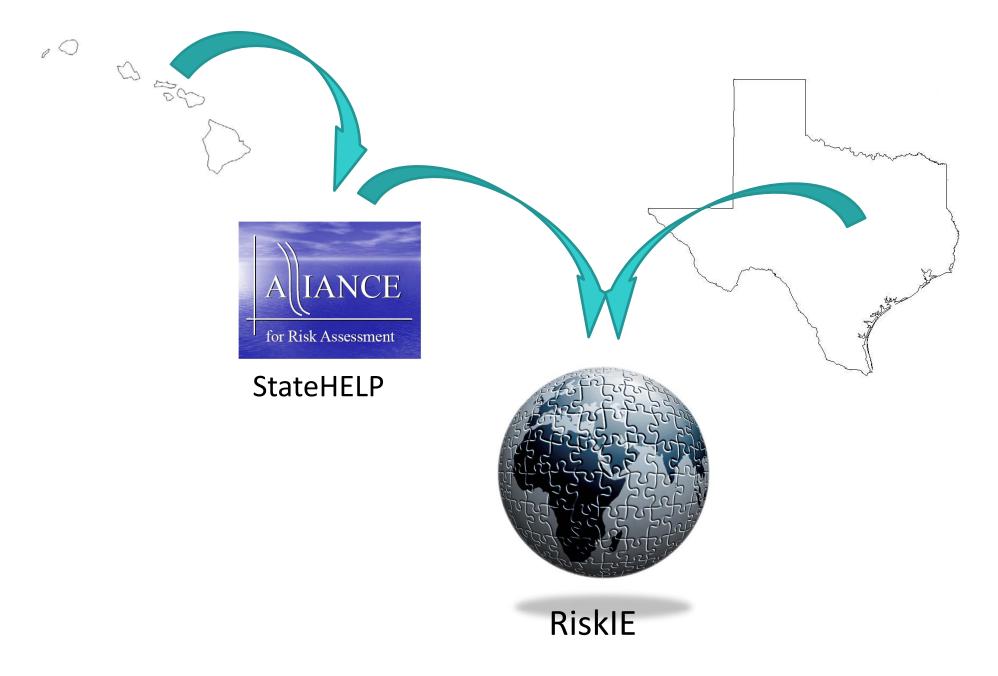
RiskIE

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Meanwhile in Texas...







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Questions?

- Alliance for Risk Assessment/RiskIE
 - http://allianceforrisk.org/
 - http://www.allianceforrisk.org/RiskIE.htm
 - Oliver Kroner, kroner@tera.org513-542-7475 ext 19
- ITER
 - <u>www.tera.org/iter</u> or <u>http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov</u>
 - Andrea Wullenweber, <u>wullenweber@tera.org</u>512-863-5441